

PHSP

List of allowable medical expenses

Acoustic coupler Air conditioner

Air filter, cleaner, or purifier

Altered auditory feedback devices

Ambulance

Animals (specially trained animal)

Artificial eye

Artificial limbs Attendant care expenses

Audible signal device

Baby's cry signal device (M.D. must certify in writing that the infant is

prone to sudden infant death syndrome)

-Rathroom aids

Bliss symbol boards

Blood transfusion

Bone conduction receiver

Bone marrow transplant

Braces for a limb

Braille note-takers

Braille printers

Breast prosthesis

Cancer treatment (in or outside Canada)

Catheters

Certificates

Chair

Cochlear implant

Colostomy and ileostomy pads

Computer peripherals

Contact lenses

Cosmetic surgery -under proposed changes in the Federal Budget of March 2010, expenses for purely cosmetic procedures, including any related services and other expenses such as travel, incurred after March 4, 2010 (to be claimed on your 2010 tax return), would be ineligible for the Medical Expenses Tax Credit (METC). Both surgical and non-surgical procedures purely aimed at enhancing one's appearance would be ineligible. Examples of expenses that would be ineligible include the following:

- liposuction;
- hair replacement procedures;
- botulinum infections; and
- teeth whitening.

An expense, including those identified above, will continue to qualify for the METC if it is necessary for medical or reconstructive purposes, such as surgery to address a deformity related to a congenital abnormality, a personal injury resulting from an accident or trauma, or a disfiguring disease.

Crutches

Deaf-blind intervening services

Dentist

Dentures

Detoxification clinic

Devices or software

Diapers or disposable briefs Diathermy

Doctor - see IT519, Medical Expense and Disability Tax Credits and

Attendant Care Expense Deduction, for details.

Driveway access

Drugs

Drugs and medical devices bought under Health Canada's Special

Access Program Elastic support hose

Electric shock Electrolysis

Electronic bone healing device

GROUP BENEFITS

List of allowable medical expenses

Ambulance

Artificial eve

Artificial limbs

Attendant care expenses

Bathroom aids

Blood transfusion

Bone conduction receiver

Bone marrow transplant

Braces for a limb **Breast prosthesis**

Cancer treatment (in or outside Canada)

Catheters

Cochlear implant

Colostomy and ileostomy pads

Contact lenses

Cosmetic surgery

Crutches

Deaf-blind intervening services

Dentist

Dentures

Detoxification clinic

Devices or software

Diapers or disposable briefs

Diathermy Doctor

Drugs

Drugs and medical devices bought under Health Canada's Special Access

Program

Elastic support hose

Elevators or lifts Extremity pump

Eyeglasses

Group home

Hair transplant surgery

Hearing aids

Heart monitor

Home care services Homeopathic services

Hospitals

Hospital bed

Hydrotherapy Infusion pump

In vitro fertility program, not including donations to a sperm bank.

Iron lung

Kidney machine

Laboratory services Laryngeal speaking aids

Laser eye surgery Liver extract injections

Medical

Medical practitioner - *

Nurse

Nursing home

Optical scanners

Organ transplant

Orthodontic work

Orthopedic shoes, boots, and inserts

Oxygen concentrator

Pacemakers

Phototherapy equipment

Pre-natal and post-natal treatment

Pressure pulse therapy devices

Private health care services



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List of allowable medical expenses

Electronic speech synthesizers

Electrotherapy devices

Elevators or lifts

Environment control system (computerized or electronic

Extremity pump

Eyeglasses

Furnace - the amount paid for an electric or sealed combustion furnace to replace a furnace that is neither of these, where the replacement is necessary because of a person's severe chronic respiratory ailment or immune system disorder - prescription required.

Gluten-free products - the incremental cost associated with the purchase of gluten-free products, as compared to the cost of comparable non-gluten-free products. A medical practitioner must certify in writing that the person requires gluten-free food due to celiac disease.

Group home - see Attendant care or care in an establishment.

Hair transplant surgery

Hearing aids

Heart monitor

Home care services

Homeopathic services

Hospitals

Hospital bed

Hydrotherapy

Infusion pump

Insulin

In vitro fertility program, not including donations to a sperm bank.

Iron lung

Kidney machine

Laboratory services

Large print-on-screen device

Laryngeal speaking aids

Laser eye surgery

Liver extract injections

Marihuana or marihuana seeds - the amount paid to Health Canada or a designated producer for a person authorized under the *Marihuana Medical Access Regulations* or exempt under section 56 of the *Controlled Drugs and Substances Act* to possess or use the drug for medical purposes.

Medical devices - see <u>IT519</u>, <u>Medical Expense and Disability Tax Credits and Attendant Care Expense Deduction</u>, for details.

Medical practitioner - *

Moving expenses - reasonable moving expenses (that have not been claimed as moving expenses on anyone's tax return) to move a person who has a severe and prolonged mobility impairment, or who lacks normal physical development, to housing that is more accessible to the person or in which the person is more mobile or functional, to a limit of \$2,000 (for residents of Ontario, the provincial limit is \$2,456).

Needles and syringes

Note-taking services used by a person with an impairment in physical or mental functions and paid to someone in the business of providing such services. A medical practitioner must certify in writing that these services are necessary.

Nurse

Nursing home

Optical scanners

Organ transplant

Orthodontic work

Orthopedic shoes, boots, and inserts

Osteogenesis stimulator (inductive coupling)

Oxygen concentrator

Pacemakers

Page-turning devices to help a person turn the pages of a book or other bound document when they have a severe and prolonged impairment that markedly restricts their ability to use their arms or hands - prescription required.

Phototherapy equipment

Premiums paid to private health services plans

GROUP BENEFITS

List of allowable medical expenses

Rehabilitative therapy

Respite care expenses.

Scooter

Spinal brace

Standing devices

Tests

Therapy

Training

Truss for hernia

Vaccines

Vitamin B12 injections - Dr. Bernstein NOT included

Walking aids, wheelchairs and wheelchair carriers

Wigs

*Medical practitioner

Acupuncturist

Audiologist

Chiropodist

Chiropractor

Combined lab and X-Ray Technologist

Dental Assistant

Dental Hygienist

Dental Nurse

Dental Technician or Technologist

Dental Therapist

Dentist

Denturist

Dental Mechanic

Dent urologist

Dietician

Emergency Medical Technician

Hearing Aid Practitioner

Licensed Practical Nurse

Massage Therapist

Medical Laboratory Technologist

Medical Radiation Technologist

Midwife

Naturopath

Occupational Therapist

Ophthalmic Medical Assistant

Optician

Optometrist

Osteopath

Pharmacist

Psychotherapist

Physician

Physiotherapist

Physical Therapist

Podiatrist

Psychological Associate

Psychologist

Registered Nurse

Registered Nursing Assistant

Registered Nutritionist Registered Psychiatric Nurse

Respiratory Therapist

Social Worker

Speech Language Pathologist

Surgeon

Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner



PHSP

List of allowable medical expenses

Premiums paid to provincial or territorial prescription drug plans such as the Quebec Prescription Drug Insurance Plan, the Nova Scotia Seniors' Pharmacare Program, or the British Columbia Fair Pharmacare Program. Premiums paid under provincial or territorial government medical or hospitalization plans are not eligible.

Pre-natal and post-natal treatment Pressure pulse therapy devices Private health care services Reading services Real-time captioning Rehabilitative therapy

Renovating or construction expenses - the amounts paid to make changes to give a person who has a severe and prolonged mobility impairment or who lacks normal physical development, access to (or greater mobility or functioning within) the dwelling.

The costs may be incurred in building the principal residence of the person, or in renovating or altering an existing dwelling. These costs can be claimed minus any related rebates such as for goods and services tax/harmonized sales tax (GST/HST).

Renovation or construction expenses have to meet the following conditions:

- they would not typically be expected to increase the value of the dwelling; and
- they would not normally be incurred by people without severe and prolonged mobility impairments.

Make sure you get a breakdown of the costs. Costs could include:

- buying and installing outdoor or indoor ramps where stairways impede the person's mobility;
- enlarging halls and doorways to give the person access to the various rooms of his or her dwelling; and
- lowering kitchen or bathroom cabinets to give the person access to them.

These renovation expenses may also be eligible for the home renovation tax credit. Under proposed changes, you can claim an amount for eligible expenses incurred for work performed or goods acquired after January 27, 2009, and before February 1, 2010, under an agreement entered into after January 27, 2009, related to an eligible dwelling. The amount can only be claimed for the 2009 tax year and applies to eligible expenses of more than \$1,000, but not more than \$10,000. For more information, see line 368 in the *General Income Tax and Benefit return*.

Respite care expenses.

Rocking bed for a person diagnosed with poliomyelitis. School for persons with an impairment in physical or mental functions

Scooter

Sign-language interpretation services

Spinal brace

Standing devices

Talking textbooks in connection with enrollment in an educational institution in Canada or a designated educational institution for a person who has a perceptual disability - prescription required.

Teletypewriters

Television closed caption decoders

Tests

Therapy

Training

Travel Expenses

Truss for hernia

Tutoring services used by, and which are supplementary to the primary education of, a person with a learning disability or an impairment in mental functions, and paid to someone in the business of providing such services who is not related to the person being tutored. A medical practitioner must certify in writing that these services are necessary.

Vaccines

Vehicle - 20% of the amount paid for a van that has been previously adapted, or is adapted within six months of the date of purchase (minus the cost of adapting the van), to transport a person who needs to use a



wheelchair, to a limit of \$5,000 (for residents of Ontario, the provincial limit is \$6,141).

Vehicle modification

Visual or vibratory signalling device

Vitamin B12 injections

Voice recognition software

Volume control feature (additional)

Walking aids

Water filter, cleaner, or purifier

Wheelchairs and wheelchair carriers

Whirlpool bath treatments

Wigs

*Medical practitioner

Acupuncturist

Audiologist

Chiropodist

Chiropractor

Combined lab and X-Ray Technologist

Dental Assistant

Dental Hygienist

Dental Nurse

Dental Technician or Technologist

Dental Therapist

Dentist

Denturist

Dental Mechanic

Dent urologist

Dietician

Emergency Medical Technician

Hearing Aid Practitioner

Licensed Practical Nurse

Massage Therapist

Medical Laboratory Technologist

Medical Radiation Technologist

Midwife

Naturopath

Occupational Therapist

Ophthalmic Medical Assistant

Optician

Optometrist

Osteopath

Pharmacist

Psychotherapist

Physician

Physiotherapist

Physical Therapist

Podiatrist

Psychological Associate

Psychologist

Registered Nurse

Registered Nursing Assistant

Registered Nutritionist

Registered Psychiatric Nurse

Respiratory Therapist Social Worker

Speech Language Pathologist

Surgeon

Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner